

2014年度第1回一次試験1級(日曜日実施)

1級

(配点は1問1点。筆記は[3]は1問2点、[4]は28点、リスニングPart 3, 4は1問2点で、合計113点満点。)

1	(1)	3	(11)	3	(21)	1
	(2)	1	(12)	2	(22)	2
	(3)	4	(13)	3	(23)	4
	(4)	4	(14)	4	(24)	1
	(5)	1	(15)	1	(25)	3
	(6)	2	(16)	2		
	(7)	3	(17)	3		
	(8)	2	(18)	2		
	(9)	2	(19)	4		
	(10)	4	(20)	2		

2	(26)	4
	(27)	1
	(28)	1
	(29)	3
	(30)	1
	(31)	2

3	(32)	4
	(33)	2
	(34)	2
	(35)	4
	(36)	3
	(37)	4
	(38)	2
	(39)	3
	(40)	1
	(41)	4

4

Opponents of free trade claim it hurts local economies, damages the environment, and threatens tradition and culture. However, if implemented properly, free trade has a highly beneficial effect.

Free trade has been repeatedly demonstrated to be a driver of economic growth. When tariffs are eliminated, trade grows and brings prosperity. Though jobs may be lost temporarily, long-term economic growth surely makes this trade-off worthwhile.

Opponents also fear a negative environmental impact, but free trade is actually good for our planet. Protecting nature costs money, and poor countries with subsistence economies cannot afford to go green. Studies show that as economic growth raises income levels, pollution levels decline because people demand greater environmental protection.

Although sometimes seen as threatening tradition and culture, free trade is more likely to eliminate the negative aspects than the positive ones. Inequality and prejudice tend to decline when developing countries become integrated into the world economy. For example, women in such countries have increasing opportunities to receive higher education. Additionally, economic growth brings money for protecting important aspects of traditional culture, such as historic sites.

Free trade should be welcomed instead of feared, as it brings the prospect of long-term economic growth and leads to positive effects on both the environment and culture.

(*上記はあくまでも解答例です。)

1級リスニング

Part 1	No. 1	2	No. 6	2
	No. 2	1	No. 7	4
	No. 3	3	No. 8	1
	No. 4	3	No. 9	4
	No. 5	1	No. 10	3

Part 2	No. 11	2	No. 16	2
	No. 12	4	No. 17	1
	No. 13	4	No. 18	4
	No. 14	2	No. 19	3
	No. 15	2	No. 20	4

Part 3	No. 21	4
	No. 22	1
	No. 23	4
	No. 24	1
	No. 25	4

Part 4	No. 26	3
	No. 27	3